FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2020
FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS
PART-I (MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES
PART-I (MCQS) PART-II MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-II MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
(iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

PART-II

Q. No. 2. What impact global climate change will have on the water resources of Pakistan? How will it affect inter-provincial harmony? (20)

Q. No. 3. Why was Pakistan placed on the ‘Grey List’ of Financial Action Task Force (FATF)? What are the implications and what measures should Pakistan take to move out of this list? (20)

Q. No. 4. Given the volatile lockdown in Indian Occupied Kashmir, what are the viable policy choices available to Pakistan? What can Pakistan realistically do to ease the sufferings of Kashmiri people? (20)

Q. No. 5. Discuss the strategic contours of Indo-US evolving partnership and how will it impact Pakistan-US and Pakistan-China relations? (20)

Q. No. 6. Strategic competition in the Indo-Pacific region is increasingly becoming intense. Define the interests and role of US, China, India, Japan and Australia in the geopolitics of Indo-Pacific region. (20)

Q. No. 7. Discuss in detail the role of OIC, Arab league and GCC in the Middle East crises and conflicts. (20)

Q. No. 8. In view of the evolving global alignments and changing nature of major-power relationships, what is the future of globalism and multilateralism? Discuss with examples. (20)

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PART-II

Q. No. 2. Examine China strategic vision behind ‘The Belt and Road initiative (BRI)’ also known as One Belt One Road (OBOR). (20)

Q. No. 3. Elaborate the reasons and impacts on Donald Trump withdrawal from climate change Paris agreement in 2015. (20)

Q. No. 4. What will be the reason of emerging water conflict between Pakistan and Afghanistan? (20)

Q. No. 5. Give a critical review of Pakistan Energy Policy 2013 – 2018 (20)

Q. No. 6. How can the corruption elimination strategy be made part of governance system of Pakistan? (20)

Q. No. 7. How can the governing structure have the capacity to neutralize threats to internal security of Pakistan? (20)

Q. No. 8. Discuss instrument of techniques of Hybrid warfare in context to Pakistan (20)
TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS
PART-I (MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES
PART-I (MCQS) MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-II MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
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PART-II

Q. No. 2. China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) is considered as a game-changer. How the CPEC can be helpful to uplift the Pakistan’s economy? Discuss. (20)

Q. No. 3. Discuss in detail the Iran-Pakistan gas pipeline and challenges to it. (20)

Q. No. 4. How the United States is trying to keep its dominant position in the Asia-Pacific and what is the China’s response to it? (20)

Q. No. 5. Critically analyze the newly established Islamic Military Alliance and its future implications for the Muslim World? (20)

Q. No. 6. Describe the 2017 Qatar Diplomatic Crisis and its impact on the Middle East. (20)

Q. No. 7. Critically examine the Donald Trump’s Policy for South Asia and its implications for Pakistan and the region. (20)

Q. No. 8. What are the opportunities and challenges for Pakistan as one of the new members of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO)? (20)
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE-II (CURRENT AFFAIRS)

<table>
<thead>
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(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

**PART-II**

**Q. No. 2.** Highlight the role of National Action Plan (NAP) in stabilization of internal security of Pakistan. Critically analyze its outcomes? (20)

**Q. No. 3.** What measures do you suggest to improve the security conditions of Balochistan in respect to China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), and the role of regional powers to sabotage it? (20)

**Q. No. 4.** Critically analyze the US-Russia relations in context of ISIS and its impact on the security situation of Middle East. (20)

**Q. No. 5.** Explain the salient contours of the US ‘rebalancing’ policy and China’s assertive policy in South China Sea and latter’s disputes with the regional countries. Critically evaluate. (20)

**Q. No. 6.** The impact of burgeoning US-India strategic partnership over the security situation of the region and Indian Ocean Region. (20)

**Q. No. 7.** Critically examine China’s strategic vision behind its ‘One Belt, One Road’ venture. (20)

**Q. No. 8.**
(a). Analyze the effects of commissioning of nuclear-powered ballistic missile submarine (SSBN), INS Arihant equipped with nuclear-capable missile called K-4 over the strategic stability of South Asia. (10)

(b). US-India in August 2016 signed Logistics Exchange Memorandum of Agreement (LEMOA) that will reportedly facilitate the two allies to use each other’s military facilities to check China’s growing influence. Comment. (10)

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Q. No. 2. Discuss in detail the efficacy of counter terrorism measures adopted by the government, especially with reference to the National Action Plan. (20)

Q. No. 3. What measures would you suggest to improve the economy of Pakistan particularly in the areas of debt reduction and enhancing export capacity? (20)

Q. No. 4. Discuss the possibilities of progress under the recently agreed rubric of comprehensive dialogue between Pakistan and India. In your opinion what are the major constraints at present? (20)

Q. No. 5. Discuss the prospects and challenges to the construction of “China-Pakistan Economic Corridor”. How will CPEC become a game changer for the region? (20)

Q. No. 6. How do you see recent developments in the Middle East, particularly with reference to deteriorating relations between Saudi Arabia and Iran? What role, if any, Pakistan could play in reducing the tensions between the two Muslim countries? (20)

Q. No. 7. Examine the emerging strategic competition between China and the US and its impact on global order. (20)

Q. No. 8. Discuss the adverse impact of climate change on the world and the measures recently adopted by the Paris Conference to address this issue. (20)
PART-II

Q.2. Since 1970 every election was accused of rigging, what electoral reforms you will suggest to improve the electoral system of Pakistan?  

Q.3. What is the role of education in character-building of a nation? Highlight major pitfalls in Pakistan’s education systems.

Q.4. Define the term ‘Good Governance’. What measures the present government should take to improve its performance?

Q.5. Do you believe that main cause of 2014 floods was Indian ‘water terrorism’ or it was due to awful mismanagement of water resources in Pakistan?

Q.6. What are the causes of “Arab Spring”? Identify their impacts on the future politics of the region.

Q.7. Do you agree that Pakistan’s role in Afghan Jihad against Soviet Union was the root-cause of terrorism in Pakistan or it is a reaction of US invasion of Afghanistan after 9/11 and Pakistan’s U-turn in Afghan policy?

Q.8. Critically evaluate the counter-terrorism policy of Pakistan and suggest measures to eradicate this evil.
## GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIME ALLOWED: THIRTEEN HOURS</th>
<th>(PART-I MCQs) 30 MINUTES</th>
<th>MAXIMUM MARKS: 20</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(PART-II) 2 HOURS &amp; 30 MINUTES</td>
<td>Maximum Marks: 80</td>
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### NOTE:
(i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
(iv) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
(v) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

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### PART-II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q. No.</th>
<th>Question</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Evaluate the significance of water conflict between India and Pakistan in perspective of water management projects in Indian held Kashmir. (20)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Discuss the impact of AFPAK policy on Pak-US relations. (20)</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Substantiate Pakistan’s role in UN peace keeping missions. (20)</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Critically appreciate the decision making in Pakistan regarding energy crisis in Pakistan. (20)</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>What is character building? Assess the factor (character building) in education systems of Pakistan and give suggestions for improvement. (20)</td>
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<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>How can the corruption elimination be made part of the governance systems of Pakistan? (20)</td>
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<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Discuss the strengths of USA to implement its economic policies Worldwide. (20)</td>
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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIME ALLOWED:</th>
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<td>THREE HOURS</td>
<td>(PART-II) 2 HOURS &amp; 30 MINUTES MAXIMUM MARKS: 80</td>
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NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.
(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

PART-I ((MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle on the OMR Answer Sheet. (20x1=20)
(ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.

1. The International Day of Peace, sometimes unofficially known as World Peace Day, is observed annually on:
   (a) 21st September  (b) 23rd September  (c) 12th October  (d) None of these
2. International Day for the Elimination of Violence against Women is observed annually on:
   (a) 25th December  (b) 23rd November  (c) 25th November  (d) None of these
3. International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination is observed annually on:
   (a) 23rd May  (b) 21st March  (c) 01st March  (d) None of these
4. Martin Luther King, Jr. was an clergyman, activist, and leader. He is famous for:
   (a) Civil Rights Movement using non-violent civil disobedience in USA.
   (b) Civil rights Movement using violence in South Africa.
   (c) Civil Rights Movement using non-violent civil disobedience in India.
   (d) Civil rights Movement using non-violence in Costa Rica.
5. Which of the following Country has absolutely no military forces?
   (a) Costa Rica  (b) Japan  (c) Iceland  (d) None of these
6. NATO Headquarters are located in:
   (a) Birmingham  (b) Barcelona  (c) Baltimore  (d) None of these
7. The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) is an organisation of South Asian nations. Which of the following countries is not a member of SAARC?
   (a) Maldives  (b) Myanmar  (c) Bhutan  (d) None of these
8. The UN uses the Human Development Index to:
   (a) predict, in order to prevent, which countries are most likely to engage in ethnic cleansing.
   (b) demonstrate how well a country is providing for its people's welfare and security.
   (c) predict the percentage of displaced people that will leave a failed state.
   (d) prove that the Global South is not as poor as some have argued.
9. Which of the following states has not ratified the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT)?
   (a) Canada  (b) France  (c) United States  (d) None of these
10. The most significant greenhouse gas is:
    (a) Ozone  (b) Chlorofluorocarbons  (c) Carbon Dioxide  (d) None of these
11. An index that estimates the true rate of exchange among currencies is called:
    (a) Human Development Index  (b) Exchange Rate
    (c) Purchasing Power Parity  (d) None of these
12. The idea that leaders initiate foreign conflicts in order to distract public opinion from controversial domestic policies is called:
   (a) Diversionary Theory of War  (b) Democratic Peace Theory  
   (c) Autocratic Rule  (d) None of these

13. The lowest percentage of Internet users is found in:
   (a) North America  (b) Africa  (c) Australia  (d) None of these

14. The most prosperous members of the Global South, which have become important exporters and markets for the major industrialized countries, are known as:
   (a) Newly industrialized countries. (b) Developed nations. (c) Asian Tigers. (d) None of these

15. In International Relations, a global system containing two dominant powers is labeled with which of the following terms?
   (a) Bipolar  (b) Nationalist  (c) Isolationist  (d) None of these

16. The Axis powers in World War II did not include:
   (a) Germany  (b) the Soviet Union  (c) Italy  (d) Japan

17. The proposition that a single dominant power can promote world peace comes from ________ theory.
   (a) balance-of-power  (b) Socialist  (c) Hegemonic stability  (d) None of these

18. The US ambassador, J. Christopher Stevens was killed by militants in
   (a) Tripoli, Libya  (b) Misrata, Libya  (c) Benghazi, Libya  (d) None of these

19. __________ explains how rational self-interested behavior by individuals may have a destructive collective effect.
   (a) Tragedy of the commons  (b) Population implosion  (c) Carrying capacity  (d) None of these

20. The process through which a country increases its capacity to meet its citizens' basic human needs and raise their standard of living is known as:
   (a) Self-determination  (b) Democratization  (c) Development  (d) None of these

PART-II

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
      (ii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
      (iii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
      (iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

Q.2. Discuss the successes and failures of political parties in bringing about a meaningful political change in Pakistan. (20)

Q.3. Discuss the current socio-political and security situation in Afghanistan and its implications for the neighbouring countries. (20)

Q.4. How will “Arab Spring” effect the political and security environment in the Arab World? (20)

Q.5. Discuss the importance of Pak-China relations. How does this relationship effect the political and security environment in South Asia? (20)

Q.6. Discuss the causes of extremism and militancy in Pakistani society. Suggest ways and means for the state organs to overcome these problems. (20)

Q.7. Resolution of Kashmir Issue between India and Pakistan can bring peace and prosperity in the region. Discuss. (20)

Q.8. Critically evaluate the causes of Energy crisis in Pakistan and its consequences for the economic growth and social fabric in the country. (20)

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2012
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS
(PART-I MCQs) 30 MINUTES MAXIMUM MARKS: 20
(PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES MAXIMUM MARKS: 80

NOTE:
(i) Candidate must write Q.No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q.No. in the Q.Paper.
(ii) PART-II is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.
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PART-II

Q.2. Evaluate the significance of water conflict between India and Pakistan in global perspective of climate change. (20)

Q.3. Discuss the impact of foreign aid on Pakistan in post 9/11 scenario. (20)

Q.4. Substantiate Pakistan’s role in Common Wealth. (20)

Q.5. How can the energy crisis of Pakistan be resolved? (20)

Q.6. Discuss issues in the higher educational system vis-à-vis 18th amendment in Pakistan. (20)

Q.7. How can the corruption be managed in Pakistan? (20)

Q.8. Discuss impact of economic development of China on World Order. (20)

*********
Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (1 x 20=20)

(i) The world’s highest mountain is in:
   (a) Nepal   (b) Italy   (c) Sri Lanka   (d) China

(ii) On the map of world which country appears as long shoe?
    (a) Italy   (b) Malta   (c) Croatia   (d) Moldova

(iii) The Headquarters of Red Cross are in:
      (a) London   (b) New York   (c) Berlin   (d) Geneva

(iv) Diamer-Bhasha Dam has been planned on the river:
     (a) Jehlum   (b) Chenab   (c) Indus   (d) None of these

(v) Hajj scam 2010 struck a blow to:
    (a) Fazal-ur-Rehman   (b) Azam Swati, Hamid Saeed Kazmi
    (c) Ishaq Dar   (d) Inamullah

(vi) Who was the special representative of USA for Afghanistan and Pakistan affairs?
     (a) Richard Halbrooke   (b) Joan Alizbeth
     (c) Gen. Mc Arthur   (d) None of these

(vii) AFPAK policy was announced in:
      (a) 2008   (b) 2009   (c) 2007   (d) None of these

(viii) Ship mounted energy project (activated in Pakistan: 2010) is sponsored by:
       (a) Saudi Arabia   (b) China
       (c) Turkey   (d) None of these

(ix) Asian Development Bank was established in:
     (a) 1964   (b) 1966   (c) 1968   (d) 1960

(x) Who were the three statesmen who formulated Non-aligned Movement?
    (a) Gandhi, Nasser, Tito   (b) Nehru, Nasser, Tito
    (c) Chou-en-Lai, Bhutto, Nehru   (d) Soe Karno, Nasser, Tito

(xi) The permanent secretariat of SAARC is established at:
     (a) Kathmandu   (b) Dhaka
     (c) Delhi   (d) Islamabad

(xii) Which of the following is the largest emitter of Carbon dioxide in the atmosphere?
      (a) China   (b) America
      (c) Russia   (d) India

(xiii) The Rio conference on sustainable development was convened in:
       (a) 1972   (b) 1992
       (c) 2002   (d) None of these
Q.2. What is AFPAK policy; how to manage its implication on Pakistan? (20)

Q.3. If India is granted permanent seat in Security Council; what can be the options available to Pakistan to manage the Indian hegemony in South Asia? (20)

Q.4. How Pakistan can reduce foreign debt? Suggest mechanisms in Pakistan economy to handle external perspective of Pakistan economy. (20)

Q.5. Give recommendations to make SAARC an effective organization at regional level keeping in view success of European Union. (20)

Q.6. What can be the strategies to reduce dependency of education sector on government funding? (20)

Q.7. Give suggestions to manage political instability in Pakistan. (20)

Q.8. What is climate change impact? What are its implications on Pakistan? How to manage climate change in policy and practice? (20)

**********
Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)

(i) Which of the following countries, is the world’s largest emitter of Carbon dioxide in the atmosphere?
   (a) China  (b) America  (c) Russia  (d) India

(ii) Who is Stanley McChrystal?
   (a) Commander U.S. forces in Afghanistan  
   (b) Head of the U.S. Central Command (CENTCOM)  
   (c) NATO Commander in Afghanistan  
   (d) None of these

(iii) The headquarters of ‘Green Peace International’ is located at:
   (a) Vancouver  (b) Amsterdam  (c) London  (d) Paris

(iv) The oldest internet search engine among the following is:
   (a) Google  (b) MSN search  (c) Yahoo  (d) Ask.com

(v) The power generating capacity of Diamer-Basha Dam would be:
   (a) 3450 MW  (b) 3800 MW  (c) 4500 MW  (d) None of these

(vi) ‘ANTARA’ is the news agency of:
   (a) Indonesia  (b) Malaysia  (c) Turkey  (d) None of these

(vii) The largest opium producer province of Afghanistan is:
   (a) Helmand  (b) Nangarhar  (c) Badakhshan  (d) None of these

(viii) ‘Silk Air’ is an airline of:
   (a) Sri Lanka  (b) Switzerland  (c) Singapore  (d) China

(ix) ‘Channel Tunnel’ is an under sea rail tunnel linking:
   (a) England and Ireland  (b) England and France  
   (c) France and Germany  (d) None of these

(x) The ‘Strait of Malacca’ is the main shipping channel between the Indian Ocean and:
   (a) North Pacific Ocean  (b) South Pacific Ocean  
   (c) South Atlantic Ocean  (d) None of these

(xi) The recently published book- “Between Dreams and Realities” is written by:
   (a) Shamshad Ahmad Khan  (b) Gohar Ayub  
   (c) Sahibzada Yaqoob Ali Khan  (d) None of these

(xii) The largest Agency of FATA by population is:
   (a) Bajaur Agency  (b) North Waziristan  
   (c) South Waziristan  (d) None of these
(xiii) Which of the following categories of Nobel Prize was established in 1968?
(a) Medicine (b) Literature
(c) Economics (d) None of these

(xiv) The total cultivable land of Pakistan is approximately:
(a) 80 million hectares (b) 120 million hectares
(c) 150 million hectares (d) None of these

(xv) Who is ‘Francois Fillon’?
(a) Prime Minister of Italy (b) President of Germany
(c) Foreign Minister of France (d) None of these

(xvi) The largest island in the Indian Ocean is:
(a) Sri Lanka (b) Sumatra
(c) Madagascar (d) None of these

(xvii) 3 May is observed Internationally as:
(a) Environment Day (b) Population Day
(c) Press Freedom Day (d) None of these

(xviii) 2016 summer Olympics will be held at:
(a) Sydney (b) Madrid
(c) Chicago (d) Rio de janeiro

(xix) ‘Kyat’ is the currency of:
(a) Nepal (b) Myanmar
(c) Bhutan (d) None of these

(xx) Environment Treaty ‘Kyoto Protocol’ will be expired in:
(a) 2012 (b) 2014
(c) 2015 (d) None of these

PART – II

NOTE:
(i) PART-II is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

Q.2. “The troubling issue in Pakistan pertains to an Overbearing Centre’s Supremacy in the federation and the resulting demand for Provincial autonomy.” Discuss. (20)

Q.3. “Pakistan provides the natural link between the SCO states to connect the Eurasian heartland with the Arabian Sea and South Asia.”
Substantiate Pakistan’s claim for the membership of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization in view of the above mentioned statement: (20)

Q.4. The issue of central importance about corruption and accountability in Pakistan is the increase in corruption despite six decades of efforts to eradicate it. Analyse and comment on the root cause of rampant corruption in the society. (20)

Q.5. President Obama’s extended hand of friendship to China ushers in a new era of realist diplomacy in Washington.
Highlight the new dimensions of U.S. foreign policy towards People’s Republic of China. (20)

Q.6. What feasible measures would you suggest to bridge the existing trust deficit between Pakistan and India for the resumption of stalled process of composite dialogue?. (20)

Q.7. “The new Afghan strategy of the United States, in fact, is a veiled request for their safe exit-. It is a gamble. The price of victory will be high and the price of failure is incalculable.” Analyse and comment? (20)

Q.8. Write notes on ANY TWO of the followings:
(a) Liberhan Commission Report.
(b) Aghaz-e-Haqooq Balochistan Package.
(c) Jewish settlements in Palestinian territories.
(d) Chinese Aided Development Projects in Pakistan.

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PART – I (MCQ) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)

(i) Who is Nicolas Sarkozy?
(a) German Chancellor (b) Canadian President
(c) French President (d) President of Georgia

(ii) What position Hu Jintao holds in China:
(a) General Secretary of Communist Party (b) President of the country
(c) Both ‘a’ & ‘b’ (d) Prime Minister of the country

(iii) Who is the president of World Bank?
(a) Robert Bruce Zorllick (b) Robert Bruce Gate
(c) Robert Bruce Lohaf (d) Bill Gates

(iv) Where is the Headquarter of the Amnesty International located?
(a) Geneva (b) London
(c) Paris (d) New York

(v) Asian Development Bank (ADB) was established in:
(a) 1964 (b) 1966
(c) 1968 (d) None of these

(vi) Who were the three statesmen who formulated Non-Aligned Movement (NAM)?
(a) Gandhi, Nasser, Tito (b) Nehru, Nasser, Tito
(c) Chou-en-Lai, Bhutto, Nehru (d) Soe Karno, Nasser, Tito

(vii) The Permanent Secretariat of SAARC is established at:
(a) Kathmandu (b) Dhaka
(c) Delhi (d) Islamabad

(viii) Who was the founder of HAMAS in 1987:
(a) Sheikh Ahmed Yassin (b) Yasser Arafat
(c) Abu Nidal (d) None of these

(ix) How many official working languages are recognized by UNO?
(a) 8 (b) 6
(c) 4 (d) None of these

(x) In which month does the UN General Assembly usually meet every year?
(a) August (b) September
(c) October (d) November

(xi) Which of the following countries have the power of veto in the General Assembly of UNO?
(a) USA (b) Russia
(c) China (d) All of these

(xii) The term of office of a judge of the International Court of Justice is?
(a) 5 years (b) 7 years
(c) 9 years (d) None of these
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, PAPER-II (CURRENT AFFAIRS)

(xiii) Alliance among India, Germany, Japan and Brazil to support each other’s bid for permanent seat on UN Security Council is called:
(a) Alliance 4     (b) G 4
(c) Big 4       (d) None of these

(xiv) The Iran – Pakistan – India gas pipeline is also known as:
(a) Friendly pipeline     (b) Peace pipeline
(c) Great pipeline (d) None of these

(xv) The first parliamentary elections in Afghanistan were held in:
(a) 2004     (b) 2005
(c) 2006   (d) None of these

(xvi) Which is the National Flower of Pakistan?
(a) Tulip     (b) Rose
(c) Jasmine (d) None of these

(xvii) After ‘Pushtuns’ the largest-ethnic group in Afghanistan is:
(a) Uzbeks     (b) Hazaras
(c) Tajiks       (d) None of these

(xviii) The Capital of Argentina is:
(a) Columbia     (b) Barcelona
(c) Buenos Aires (d) Peru

(xix) Which is the largest country in Africa:
(a) Sudan     (b) Nigeria
(c) Libya (d) None of these

(xx) Name the currency of Sri Lanka?
(a) Rupee     (b) Lek
(c) Ringgit (d) None of these

PART – II

(i) PART-II is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

Q.2. Why most countries of the Muslim world are devoid of democratic governance? What changes would you recommend to make them modern democratic states? (20)

Q.3. Dynastic politics in South Asia has become a norm rather than exception. What are the merits and demerits of this political arrangement? Analyse and comment. (20)

Q.4. The strength of Chinese economy is perceived as a threat by USA to its dwindling hegemony. What changes at policy level are required by America for harmonious relations with China? (20)

Q.5. In the present day turbulent world, most of the countries in East Asia have been relatively calm and stable in Political and Economic sphere. What reasons would you assign for this success? (20)

Q.6. Democracy in Pakistan has remained an elusive dream. Why it has taken so long to develop a road map and follow it with necessary modification? Explain. (20)

Q.7. The attack on Iraq by USA was an attempt to control oil resources of the area and redraw the map of Middle East. Having failed to achieve both objectives, what policy options would be required by USA towards Middle East for peaceful relations? (20)

Q.8. Write notes on ANY TWO of the followings: (20)
(a) Combating corruption in developing countries.
(b) Free Market Economy and Economic Meltdown.
(c) Improving Quality of life in Africa.
(d) Economic potential of Central Asia.

********************************************
Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)

i. Transparency International is based in:
   a. New York
   b. London
   c. Berlin
   d. None of these

ii. The largest source of electricity generation in Pakistan comes through:
   a. Thermal
   b. Hydel
   c. Coal
   d. None of these

iii. Pakistan's largest export partner is:
   a. Saudi Arabia
   b. America
   c. Japan
   d. None of these
iv. India is constructing Kishanganga Dam in:
   a. Jammu
   b. Sri nagar
   c. Baramula
   d. None of these

v. WAFA is the news agency of:
   a. Syria
   b. Jordan
   c. Egypt
   d. None of these

vi. Former US Vice-President Al Gore has won Noble Peace Prize 2007 for his campaign against:
   a. Child Labour
   b. Human Rights Violations
   c. Global Warming
   d. None of these

vii. May 3, each year is Internationally observed as:
   a. World Environment Day
   b. Human Rights Day
   c. Press Freedom Day
   d. None of these

viii. The World’s largest producer of Uranium is:
   a. Australia
   b. Canada
   c. South Africa
   d. None of these

ix. The district of the country having lowest population density is:
   a. Khuzdar
   b. Kalat
   c. Kharan
   d. None of these

x. Qantas is an airline of:
   a. USA
   b. Australia
   c. Singapore
   d. None of these
xi. The first Muslim Nobel Laureate was:

a. Anwar Saadat of Egypt
b. Yasser Arafat of Palestine
c. Abdus Salam of Pakistan
d. None of these

xii. Darfur conflict is in:

a. Somalia
b. Sudan
c. Liberia
d. None of these

xiii. Parachinar is the main town of:

a. Khyber Agency
b. North Waziristan
c. South Waziristan
d. None of these

xiv. One US Barrel oil is equal to:

a. 20 litres
b. 30 litres
c. 50 litres
d. None of these

xv. Ringgit is the currency unit of:

a. Singapore
b. Philippines
c. Malaysia
d. None of these

xvi. Pakistan is the Chairman of:

a. Non-Aligned Movement
b. SAARC
c. Group of 77
d. None of these

xvii. The First President of America who made an official visit to Pakistan was:

a. Richard Nixon
b. Dwight D. Eisenhower
c. Lyndon B Johnson
d. None of these
xviii. The ‘Aid to Pakistan Consortium’ meet every year in:

a. London  
b. New York  
c. Paris  
d. None of these

xix. General Michael Hayden is the:

a. President of Chile  
b. Defense Secretary of United States  
c. Commander NATO’s force in Afghanistan  
d. None of these

xx. Which of the following International Organizations has no formal structure and Secretariat?

a. Green Peace  
b. D-8  
c. G-8  
d. None of these

PART-II

NOTE:
(i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry equal marks.
(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

Q.2. The rise of religious extremism and militancy has become a major challenge to Pakistan’s internal stability and promotion of democracy. Elaborate. (20)

Q.3. The amicable solution of Siachen glacier and Sir Creek maritime boundary disputes might harbingers the settlement of the core issue of Kashmir between Pakistan and India. Discuss. (20)

Q.4. Why Pakistan is desperately seeking full-fledged membership in the Shanghai Cooperation Organization? (20)

Q.5. Discuss the potential challenges Pakistan is facing in the WTO regime. (20)

Q.6. Discuss the various dimensions of Pakistan US relations in the wake of Pakistan’s playing the role as a frontline state against International terrorism. (20)
Q.7. How far India factor is responsible for the present state of Pakistan-Afghanistan relations? Analyze. (20)

Q.8. Write notes on any TWO of the following: (10+10)
   a. NATO’s expansion is Eastern Europe
   b. SAFTA
   c. Afghanistan is SAARC
   d. Great Game in Central Asia
   e. Palestine issue.

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2007

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED:
(PART-I)…………30 MINUTES………………MAXIMUM MARKS:20
(PART-II)…………2 Hours & 30 Minutes……..MAXIMUM MARKS:80

PART –I

Q.1 write only correct answere in the Answere Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) Patronas towers are located in:
   a. Singapore
   b. Chicago
   c. Kaula Lumpur
   d. None of these

(2) Name of the present Un secretary general is :
   a. Kofi Annan
   b. Bon ki Moon
   c. Batrus Ghali
   d. None of these

(3) The length of common border between India and Pakistan is:
   a. 900 miles
   b. 1000 miles
   c. 1100 miles
   d. None of these

(4) Last SAARC conference was held in 2004 at:
   a. Islamabad
   b. Kathmandu
   c. Colombo
   d. None of these

(5) China became the member of the World Trade Organization in:
   a. 1998
   b. 2002
   c. 2004
   d. None of these
(6) The number of players in each team of basketball game is:
   a. 5  
   b. 7  
   c. 9  
   d. None of these

(7) Which is the largest Surah of Holy Quran:
   a. Surah Al-Imran  
   b. Sura Al-Baqarah  
   c. Surah Yaseen  
   d. None of these

(8) The Olympic games in 2004 were held in:
   a. Athens  
   b. Sydney  
   c. California  
   d. None of these

(9) How many members the National Security Council (Pakistan) has:
   a. 11  
   b. 13  
   c. 15  
   d. None of these

(10) Nobel peace Prize for the year 2006 was awarded to:
    a. Dr. Mahatir Mohammad  
    b. Dr Mohammad Yunus  
    c. Dr Abdul Kalam  
    d. None of these

(11) Denzil Washington is renowned as:
     a. USA army general.  
     b. British Naval Commander  
     c. Hollywood actor  
     d. None of these

(12) The number of OIC member states is:
     a. 55  
     b. 57  
     c. 59  
     d. None of these

(13) Mahbub-ul-Haq Human Development Center is located at:
     a. Karachi  
     b. Lahore  
     c. Islamabad  
     d. None of these
(14) Hugo Chavez is the president of:
   a. Venezuela
   b. Brazil
   c. Bolivia
   d. None of these

(15) What is the name of the only Pakistani who won the Nobel Prize:
   a. Dr. Ashfaq Ahmed
   b. Dr. abdus- Salam
   c. Dr. Abdul Qadeer
   d. None of these

(16) Maple leaf is the National emblem of:
   a. Germany
   b. China
   c. Canada
   d. None of these

(17) Name of Bangladesh parliament is:
   a. People National Assembly
   b. Majilis-I-Shoora
   c. Jatiya Sangsad
   d. None of these

(18) India has constructed “Baglihar Dam” in occupied Kashmir’s district of:
   a. Udhumpur
   b. Doda
   c. Jammu
   d. None of these

(19) “Hamas” was founded in 1987 by:
   a. Yasser Arfat
   b. Ismail Haniye
   c. Khalid Meshaal
   d. None of these

(20) Which of the following regions of Balochistan will be irrigated through Kachi cannal project:
   a. quetta
   b. Zhob
   c. Nasirabad
   d. None of these
Q.2 What are the factors which contribute to the global warming? What measures have been agreed in the Kyoto protocol to minimize the harmful effects of Pollution?

Q.3 Association of the South East Asian Nation (ASEAN) is a success story of regional organization. What lessons SAARC can learn from the experience of ASEAN?

Q.4 There is a perception that USA is preparing to attack Iran. Discuss the possibilities of this scenario and its implication at global level specially in the Middle East, and on Pakistan.

Q.5 China, India and Pakistan are three Nuclear States in the Asian Continent. Is this a potential threat or strength for the continent? Analyse.

Q.6 Pakistan is suffering from crises of governance at Institutional level. Suggest remedies to mitigate this situation.

Q.7 The Organization of Islamic Countries (OIC) has not played and effective role in protecting the rights of member states. How can it become a vibrant organization to achieve its objectives?

Q.8 Write notes on any Two of the following:
(a) Neo-Conservatism in USA
(b) Human Development
(c) Geneva Convention
(d) Balkanization

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2006

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED:
(PART-I)…………30 MINUTES………………MAXIMUM MARKS:20
(PART-II)…………2 Hours & 30 Minutes……..MAXIMUM MARKS:80

PART –I

Q.1 write only correct answere in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1). How many medals were won by Pakistan in the 18th Commonwealth games?
(a) 3 (b) 5 (c) 7 (d) None of these

(2). The Currency of China is:
(a) Rouble (b) Yen (c) Yuan (d) None of these

(3). In the absence of President, who becomes the acting President of Pakistan?
(a) Speaker of the NA (b) Chairman Senate (c) Chief Justice of Pakistan (d) None of these

(4). Han Myung has become the First Woman Prime Minister of:
(a) South Korea (b) North Korea (c) Vietnam (d) None of these

(5). Zalmay Khalil is the US Ambassador to:
(a) Iraq (b) Syria (c) Lebanon (d) None of these

(6). H3N1 is the name of a:
(a) Medicine (b) Vaccine (c) Virus (d) None of these

(7). Biman is the Airline of:
(a) Sri Lanka (b) Nepal (c) Bangladesh (d) None of these

(8). Which country’s border with Pakistan is called Durand line:
(a) Iran (b) Afghanistan (c) Iran (d) None of these

(9). Xinhua is the news agency of:
(a) China (b) Russia (c) North Korea (d) None of these

(10). The headquarters of the UN Security Council is located at:
(a) Washington (b) Paris (c) New York (d) None of these
(11). Who is the Governor of the State Bank of Pakistan?
(a) Dr. Shamshad Akhtar (b) Dr. Ishrat Hussain (c) Sulteman Shah (d) None of these

(12). Nobel Peace Prize for the year 2005 was awarded to M. Elbardei together with:
(a) United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
(b) International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) (c) World Health Organization (WHO)
(d) None of these

(13). Who is the US Assistant Secretary of state for South Asian and Central Asian affairs?
(a) Ryan C. Crocker (b) Nancy Powell (c) Richard A. Boucher (d) none of these

(14). What was the magnitude of the Earthquake that shook northern Pakistan and Azad Kashmir on October, 8, 2005?
(a) 5.7 (b) 7.5 (c) 7.7 (d) None of these.

(15). Rafiq Bahauddin al Harriri had been the Prime Minister of :
(a) Libya (b) Lebanon (c) Syria (d) None of these.

(16). Angela Mekel is the :
(a) President of France (b) First lady of Britain (c) Chancellor of Germany (d) none of these

(17). Fourth Estate applied to:
(a) Executive (b) Secret Agency (c) Press (d) None of these.

(18). The "Spirit of Islam" author is:
(a) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan (b) Syed Amir Ali (c) Allama Iqbal (d) none of these.

(19). The South Asian Associant for regional cooperation (SAARC) Standing Committee had agreed in principle to grant an observer status to:
(a) China and Japan (b) Britain and France (c) US and Korea (d) None of these

(20). George Washington was the first President of USA. Who is the incumbent Vice President of America?
(a) George Bush (b) Gerald Ford (c) Dick Cheney (d) None of these.
PART - II

Q # 2... US accusations against North Korea, Syria and Iran are meant to bring them within the purview of the doctrine of pre-emptive war. Discuss.

Q # 3... Countries that recognized the importance of higher education are way ahead of those who have ignored it. What measures would you suggest to upgrade the standard of higher education in Pakistan.

Q # 4... Examine the causes of disturbances in Baluchistan.

Q # 5... The UN Security Council is regarded as a tool for the veto wielding powers and a debating forum for non permanent members. Make a case for restructuring the Council with special emphasis on judicious distribution of veto power.

Q # 6... The ongoing anti blasphemy campaign launched by Muslims all over the world and the West’s obduracy not to yield on the issue in the name of freedom of press has put the two on a collision. What role the UN and the OIC can play to prevent recurrence of acts of blasphemy in future?

Q # 7... The US President Bush visit to Pakistan had yielded no positive outcome except for promises and pledges. In the backdrop of changing US mindset former Prime Minister Mir Zafrullah Khan Jamali had urged the government to establish more vibrant relations with Iran, Saudi Arabia and China. Comment.

Q # 8... Write explanator notes on any two of the following:

(a) Pak-Afghan Relations
(b) Kalabagh Dam
(c) October 8, Post earthquake Scenario
(d) Iran-Pakistan-India (IPI) Gas Pipeline project.

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED:

(PART-I)…………30 MINUTES………………..MAXIMUM MARKS:20
(PART-II)…………2 Hours & 30 Minutes……..MAXIMUM MARKS:80

PART -I

Q.1 write only correct answere in the Answere Book. Do not reproduce the question.

1). The world's oldest international human rights organization is
   a) amnesty international b) freedom house
   c) anti slavery d) non of these

2). The constitution of European Union has not been ratified by
   a) Italy b) Netherlands
   c) France d) non of these

3). After United States, the largest contributor in the United Nations budget is
   a) Germany b) France
   c) UK d) non of these

4). Ariana is an airlines of
   a) Australia b) Egypt
   c) Iran d) non of these

5). What percentage Pakistan produces electricity from thermal source
   a) 30 % b) 50%
   c) 70% d) non of these

6). China's fastest growing economy is facing a major challenge of
   a) population explosion b) shortage of electricity
   c) challenges of WTO regime d) non of these
7). US president George bush has created ‘millennium challenge Account’ to
   a) improve national security b) provide aid to iraq and afghanistan
   c) help poor countries pursuing democratic ideals d) non of these

8). 38th parallel is a boundary line between
   a) Canada and America b) north and south Vietnam
   c) greek and turkish port of Cyprus d) non of these

9). In which month does the un general assembly usually meet every year
   a) January b) march
   c) September d) non of these

10). Pakistan has recently been given observer status in
    a) organization of economic development cooperation and development (oecd) b) gulf cooperation council (gcc)
    c) shanghai cooperation organization(sco) d) non of these

11). The project to reduce water logging and salinity area in Pakistan has been financially supported by
    a) world bank b) IMF
    c) Asian Development Bank d) non of these

12). Pakistan and US navies recently conducted joint exercises in the Arabian Sea by the name of
    a) Optimum Impact b) Divers Move
    c) Inspired Union d) non of these

13). Which of the following internet search engine will introduce the worlds biggest digital library
    a) yahoo b) google
    c) giga blast d) non of these

14). The recently appointed United nations high commissioner for refugees Antonio guterres is the former prime minister of
    a) denmark b) Romania
    c) Canada d) non of these
15). When a country grants another country MFN (most favored nation) status in mutual trade, it implies

a) providing same trade concessions as are being given to other countries  
b) trade will be through exchange of commodities rather than foreign exchange  
c) imports and exports payments will be in local currencies only  
d) none of these  

16). The programme ‘united nations millennium development goals’ is focusing on

a) eradicate extreme poverty and hunger  
b) achieve universal primary education  
c) promote gender equality and empower women  
d) all of the above

17). The largest agency of FATA (federally administered tribal areas) by area is

a) north waziristan  
b) south waziristan  
c) Khyber agency  
d) none of these

18). Reuter is the news agency of

a) USA  
b) Germany  
c) UK  
d) none of these

19). SAARC human resource development centre is located at

a) Delhi  
b) Colombo  
c) Karachi  
d) none of these

20). Under Vision 2025 WAPDA will construct SATPARA Dam on Indus River in

a) Balochistan  
b) NWFP  
c) Northern Areas  
d) none of these

PART - II

Q2. The new dimensions in Indo US warming up of relations would have serious implications for Pakistan and the world region, discuss

Q3. The phenomenon of terrorism has occupied center stage in today’s world. Highlight the difference between terrorism and a freedom struggle. Discuss the issue of terrorism in the backdrop of what is happening in Iraq, Chechenya, Kashmir and Afghanistan

Q4. America has been bogged down in Iraq and Afghanistan. What would be America’s exit strategy to disengage itself from the prevalent confrontational situation? discuss.

Q5. How best can the issue of Provincial Autonomy in Pakistan be resolved within a viable Federal Structure? Discuss

Q6. The Gwadar Port would have great strategic significance in addition to its vast economic potential not only for the uplift of Balochistan but for the neighboring countries like China, Afghanistan and Central Asian States, comment.

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Q7. In the Muslim Societies factors like justice, rejuvenation, education and enlightenment, which determine the conditions of human societies are miserable lacking. Analyze the problems confronting the Muslim world in the light of this statement.

Q8. Analyze the convergence and divergence of interests in Pakistan –Iran relations since the last two decades.
FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED : THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100 NOTE: Attempt any FIVE
questions. AH questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.

Q1. In the current relationship of mutual dependence, American obligations are minimal while
Pakistani ones are substantial. Comment.

Q2. Globalization, as being shaped by the World Trade Organization in a world of un-cqual
nation-slates, has un-managcable implications. Discuss.

Q3. Give a long-term scenario of Afghanistan and Iraq beyond the perspective of 9 Eleven'.

Q4. Highlight the factors and forces, which have contributed to sideline the United Nations
Organization in terms of its peace and security role.

Q5. What are the ground realities inhibiting the capacity of Organization of Islamic conference as
an effective body to protect the legitimate interests of Muslim world1?

Q6. In what ways India-Israel nexus, India-China bilateral relations and
India-Iran gco-economic tics affect Pakistan? 1. Debate, National Interests VS Democratic Values
in the context of recent political and constitutional developments in Pakistan.

Q7. Attempt any TWO parts:
   (a) Current Palestinian situation and the Arab neighbours.
   (b) France's policy on Iraq’s invasion.
   (c) Any one personality of the following:
      (i) Noam Chomsky (ii) Arundhati Roy
      (iii) Edward Wadic Saeed
      (iv) Eqbal Ahmcd (not Allama Iqbal)

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2002

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED : THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100 NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. AH questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.

Q.1 “In her foreign policy and trade, Pakistan has never benefited fully from her ideal geostrategic location “. Discuss

Q.2 Give a critique of the performance of SAARC since its inception

Q.3 Critically evaluate the US concerns about the production of Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD)

Q.4 Analyze the role of OIC in the resolution of problems faced by its members

Q.5 “A single catastrophic event –‘Nine Eleven’ – hs turned the entire world topsy-turvy”. Discuss.

Q.6 How has the conflict between US and Iraq affected them and the world at large ?

Q.7 Give a comprehensive appraisal of the revival of democracy after the interregnum of 1999-2002

Q.8 Write notes on any Two of the following :

A Expansion of European Union (EU)
B Communal riots in India
C Kalabagh Dam
D Pakistan’s Pollution Problem

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED : THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100
NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. AH questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.

1. Determine the extent to which the objectives of Americans-led global coalition against the so-called terrorism are achievable.

2. Visualise the post-Taliban Scenario in Afghanistan and discuss its implications for Pakistan.

3. How has the apathetic role of Arab countries complicated the issue of Palestine?

4. Sino-Pakistan collaboration on Gwadar Sea opening will have far-reaching economic and geo-strategic consequences. Comment.

5. The United Nations Organization is being side-lined by denying the peace-making role that legitimately belonged to her. Examine the statement.

6. Evaluate the structural changes introduced in Pakistan’s economy over the past two years.

7. Highlight the constitutional issues affecting Pakistan’s politics since the army take-over in October 1999.

8. Judicious evaluation of examination scripts by the Universities and Boards of Education in Pakistan needs to be ensured. How can it be accomplished?

9. Write notes on any TWO of the following:
   (i) Shanghai Cooperation Organization
   (ii) Aftermath of Agra-Summit
   (iii) Gender prejudices and women empowerment in Pakistan
   (iv) Economic consequences or preparation at the World Trade Centre.

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2000

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PAPER-II
(CURRENT AFFAIRS)

TIME ALLOWED : THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100 NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. AH questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.

Q1. What are the strategic objectives of America’s increased embroilment in South Asia ‘s power relationship?

Q2. Assess the growing impact of information technology on Pakistan’s socio-economic and educational complexion.

Q3. Governance through ordinances has been the hallmark of all regimes, democratic or otherwise, in Pakistan. In this context briefly review Pakistan’s political, constitutional and judicial landmarks.

Q4. Discuss politics of World Trade Organization and Globalization.

Q5. The linguistic burden of English, Arabic, Urdu and the mother tongue on learning is a serious issue requiring serious treatment. Analyze.

Q6. Discuss how Pakistan is affected by political and economic stakes and nuclear concern of Japan in South Asia?

Q7. Longer period of political stability is the requirement to institutionalize reformist polices whereas the same has not been available in Pakistan. Assess the prospects of recent multiple reforms in the context of this statement.

Q8. Write notes on TWO of the followings:
(a) Issue of control over Al Quds.
(b) China’s potential as super power.
(c) Ramification of Taliban’s style governance.
(d) IMF’s objectives in funding Pakistan.